

# CS10.241, CS10.241-S1

24V, 10A, SINGLE PHASE INPUT



## POWER SUPPLY

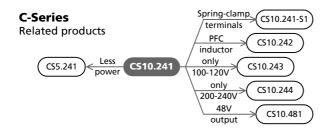
- AC 100-120 / 200-240V Auto Select Input
- Efficiency up to 91.6%
- Width only 60mm
- 20% Output Power Reserves
- Full Output Power Between -25°C and +60°C
- Minimal Inrush Current Surge
- 3 Year Warranty

## 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Dimension C-Series are cost optimized power supplies without compromising quality, reliability and performance. The C-Series is part of the Dimension power supply family, existing alongside the high featured Q-series.

The C series includes all the essential basic functions and the devices have a power reserve of 20%. This extra current may even be used continuously at temperatures up to +45°C. The most important features are the small size, the high efficiency and the wide temperature range.

The Auto-select input makes worldwide installation and usage very simple. Defects or system failures caused by wrongly set switches can not occur.



## 2. SHORT-FORM DATA

Output voltage	DC 24V	
Adjustment range	24 - 28V	
Output current	10 – 8,6A	ambient <60°C
	12 – 10,3A	ambient <45°C
Output power	240W	ambient <60°C
	288W	ambient <45°C
Output ripple	< 50mVpp	20Hz to 20MHz
Input voltage	AC 100-120 /	Auto-select Input
	200-240V	
Mains frequency	50-60Hz	±6%
AC Input current	typ. 3.73 / 2.23A	at 120 / 230Vac
Power factor	typ. 0.59 / 0.51	at 120 / 230Vac
AC Inrush current	typ. 3A peak	
DC Input	not allowed	
Efficiency	typ. 91.0 / 91.6%	at 120 / 230Vac
Losses	typ. 23.7 / 22.0W	at 120 / 230Vac
Temperature range	-25°C to +70°C	operational
Derating	6W/°C	+60 to +70°C
Hold-up time	typ. 46 / 47ms	at 120 / 230Vac
Dimensions	60x124x117mm	WxHxD

## 3. ORDER NUMBERS

Power Supply	CS10.241 CS10.241-S1	Standard unit Quick-connect spring clamp terminals
Accessory	ZM1.WALL ZM13.SIDE YRM2.DIODE	Wall mount bracket Side mount bracket Redundancy module

## 4. MARKINGS







CE EMC, LVD

August 2006 / Rev. 1.1 DS-CS10.241-EN / All parameters are specified at 24V, 10A, 230Vac and 25°C ambient unless otherwise noted.





# CS10.241, CS10.241-S1

24V, 10A, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

INDEX	PAGE	INDEX	PAGE
1. General Description		20. Fulfilled Standards	
19. Approvals	13		

# INTENDED USE

The power supply shall only be installed and put into operation by qualified personnel.

This power supply is designed for installation in an enclosure and is intended for the general use, such as in industrial control, office, communication, and instrumentation equipment. Do not use this device in aircraft, trains and nuclear equipment, where malfunctioning of the power supply may cause severe personal injury or threaten human life.

## **TERMINOLOGY AND ABREVIATIONS**

PE and symbol

Earth, Ground

T.b.d.

PE is the abbreviation for Protective Earth and has the same meaning as the symbol symbol.

To be defined, value or description will follow later.

AC 230V A figure displayed with the AC or DC before the value represents a nominal voltage with

standard tolerances (usually ±20%) included.

E.g.: DC 12V describes a 12V battery disregarding whether it is full (13.7V) or flat (10V) As long as not otherwise stated, AC 100V and AC 230V parameters are valid at 50Hz and AC

120V parameters are valid at 60Hz mains frequency.

230Vac A figure with the unit (Vac) at the end is a momentary figure without any additional

tolerances included.

## **DISCLAIMER**

The information presented in this document is believed to be accurate and reliable and may change without notice.

August 2006 / Rev. 1.1 DS-CS10.241-EN / All parameters are specified at 24V, 10A, 230Vac and 25°C ambient unless otherwise noted.



www.pulspower.com Phone +49 89 9278 0 Germany

2 rue René Laennec 51500 Taissy France E-mail:hvssystem@hvssystem.com Fax: 03 26 85 19 08, Tel : 03 26 82 49 29 Site web : www.hvssystem.com

## 5. AC-INPUT

AC input	nom.	AC 100-120V / 200-240V	auto-select input, TN-, TT-, IT-Mains, see Fig. 5-1
AC input range		90-132Vac	100-120V range, continuous operation
		180-264Vac	200-240V range, continuous operation
		85-90Vac	Short term or with output derating
		264-300Vac	< 0.5s
Input frequency	nom.	50 – 60Hz	±6%

		<b>AC 100V</b>	<b>AC 120V</b>	<b>AC 230V</b>	
Input current	typ.	4.34A	3.73A	2.23A	at 24V, 10A see Fig. 5-3
Power factor *)	typ.	0.61	0.59	0.51	at 24V, 10A see Fig. 5-1
Crest factor **)	typ.	2,61	2,83	3,3	at 24V, 10A
Start-up delay	typ.	700ms	800ms	850ms	see Fig. 5-2
Rise time	typ.	35ms	35ms	35ms	0mF, 24V, 10A, see Fig. 5-2
	typ.	75ms	75ms	75ms	10mF, 24V, 10A, see Fig. 5-2
Turn-on overshoot	max.	100mV	100mV	100mV	see Fig. 5-2
Turn-on voltage	typ.	80Vac	80Vac	N/A	steady-state value, see Fig. 5-1
Shut-down voltage	typ.	75Vac	75Vac	N/A	steady-state value, see Fig. 5-1

- \*) The power factor is the ratio of the true (or real) power to the apparent power in an AC circuit.
- \*\*) The crest factor is the mathematical ratio of the peak value to the RMS value of the input current waveform

Fig. 5-1 Input voltage range

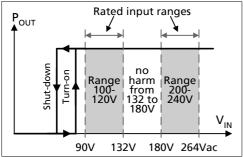


Fig. 5-3 Input current vs. output load

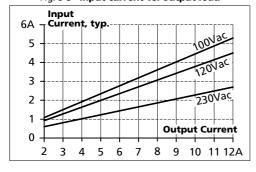


Fig. 5-2 Turn-on behavior, definitions

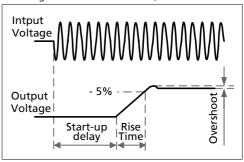
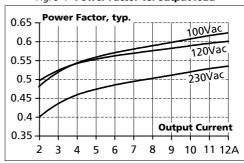


Fig. 5-4 **Power Factor vs. output load** 



August 2006 / Rev. 1.1 DS-CS10.241-EN / All parameters are specified at 24V, 10A, 230Vac and 25°C ambient unless otherwise noted.



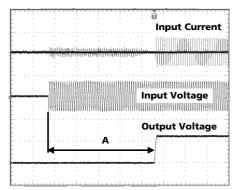
www.pulspower.com Phone +49 89 9278 0 Germany

## 6. INPUT INRUSH CURRENT SURGE

An active inrush limitation circuitry limits the input inrush current after turn-on of the input voltage. The charging current into EMI suppression capacitors is disregarded in the first milliseconds after switch-on.

		<b>AC 100V</b>	<b>AC 120V</b>	<b>AC 230V</b>	
Inrush current	max.	10A <sub>peak</sub>	10A <sub>peak</sub>	10A <sub>peak</sub>	-25°C to +70°C
	typ.	$3A_{peak}$	$3A_{peak}$	$3A_{peak}$	-25°C to +70°C
Inrush energy	typ.	$1A^2s$	$1A^2s$	$1A^2s$	-25°C to +70°C

Fig. 6-1 Input inrush current, typical behavior



**A:** Start-up delay = Inrush delay

Input: 230Vac Output: 24V, 10A Ambient: 25°C

Upper curve: Input current 10A / DIV
Medium curve: Input voltage 500V / DIV
Lower curve: Output voltage 20V / DIV

Time scale: 100ms / DIV

## 7. HOLD-UP TIME

		AC 100V	AC 120V	AC 230V	
Hold-up Time	typ.	62ms	107ms	103ms	5A, 24V, see Fig. 7-1
	typ.	23ms	46ms	47ms	10A, 24V, see Fig. 7-1
	typ.	17ms	35ms	37ms	12A, 24V, see Fig. 7-1

Fig. 7-1 Hold-up time vs. input voltage

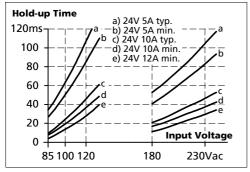
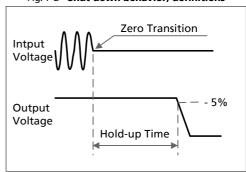


Fig. 7-2 Shut-down behavior, definitions



Note: At no load, the hold-up time can be up to several seconds. The green DC-ok lamp is on during this time.

August 2006 / Rev. 1.1 DS-CS10.241-EN / All parameters are specified at 24V, 10A, 230Vac and 25°C ambient unless otherwise noted.



www.pulspower.com Phone +49 89 9278 0 Germany

2 rue René Laennec 51500 Taissy France Fax: 03 26 85 19 08, Tel : 03 26 82 49 29 E-mail:hvssystem@hvssystem.com Site web: www.hvssystem.com



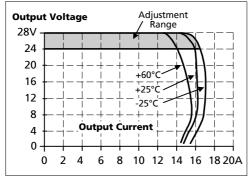


24V, 10A, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

# 8. OUTPUT

Output voltage	nom.	24V	
Adjustment range	min.	24-28V	guaranteed
	max.	30V	at clockwise end position of potentiometer
Factory setting		24.1V	±0.2%, at full load, cold unit
Line regulation	max.	70mV	90 to 132Vac or 180 to 264Vac
Load regulation	max.	100mV	static value, $0A \rightarrow 10A \rightarrow 0A$
Ripple and noise voltage	max.	50mVpp	20Hz to 20MHz, 50Ohm
Output capacitance	typ.	7 000µF	
Output current	nom.	12A	at 24V, ambient < 45°C, see Fig. 8-1
	nom.	10A	at 24V, ambient < 60°C, see Fig. 8-1
	nom.	10.3A	at 28V, ambient < 45°C, see Fig. 8-1
	nom.	8.6A	at 28V, ambient < 60°C, see Fig. 8-1
Output power	nom.	288W	ambient < 45°C
	nom.	240W	ambient < 60°C
Short-circuit current	min.	14A	load impedance 100mOhm, see Fig. 8-1
	max.	18A	load impedance 100mOhm, see Fig. 8-1

Fig. 8-1 Output voltage vs. output current, typ.



#### Peak current capability (up to several ms)

The power supply can deliver a peak current which is higher than the specified short term current. This helps to start current demanding loads or to safely operate subsequent circuit breakers.

The extra current is supplied by the output capacitors inside the power supply. During this event, the capacitors will be discharged and causes a voltage dip on the output. Detailed curves can be found in chapter 25.1.

Peak current voltage dips	typ.	from 24V to 18.5V	at 20A for 50ms, resistive load
	typ.	from 24V to 17.5V	at 50A for 2ms, resistive load
	typ.	from 24V to 12V	at 50A for 5ms, resistive load

August 2006 / Rev. 1.1 DS-CS10.241-EN / All parameters are specified at 24V, 10A, 230Vac and 25°C ambient unless otherwise noted.



www.pulspower.com Phone +49 89 9278 0 Germany

2 rue René Laennec 51500 Taissy France E-mail:hvssystem@hvssystem.com Fax: 03 26 85 19 08, Tel: 03 26 82 49 29 Site web: www.hvssystem.com



## 9. EFFICIENCY AND POWER LOSSES

		AC 100V	AC 120V	AC 230V	
Efficiency	typ.	90.7%	91.0%	91.6%	10A, 24V
Power losses	typ.	5.8W	8.4W	7.5W	0A
	typ.	12.0W	12.3W	11.3W	5A, 24.5V
	typ.	25.1W	24.1W	22.4W	10A, 24.5V
	typ.	31.9W	29.6W	27.9W	12A, 24.5V

Fig. 9-1 Efficiency vs. output current at 24V

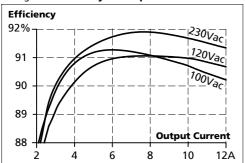


Fig. 9-3 Efficiency vs. input voltage, 24V, 10A

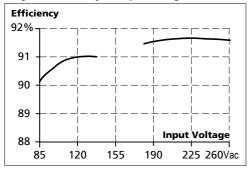


Fig. 9-2 Losses vs. output current at 24V

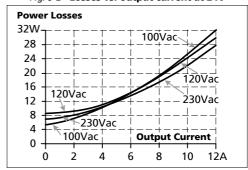
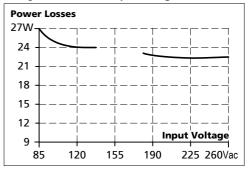


Fig. 9-4 Losses vs. input voltage, 24V, 10A



E-mail:hvssystem@hvssystem.com

Site web: www.hvssystem.com

August 2006 / Rev. 1.1 DS-CS10.241-EN / All parameters are specified at 24V, 10A, 230Vac and 25°C ambient unless otherwise noted.

24V, 10A, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

## 10. FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM

Fig. 10-1 Functional diagram

Output Voltage Regulator

Input Filter

Input Filter

Input Filter

Output Voltage Regulator

Power Converter

Input Filter

Output Filter

Output Voltage Regulator

Output Voltage Regulator

Output Voltage Regulator

Output Filter

Output OverNoltage Regulator

Output OverNoltage Regulator

## 11. RELIABILITY

		<b>AC 100V</b>	<b>AC 120V</b>	<b>AC 230V</b>	
Lifetime expectancy	min.	38 000h	50 000h	75 000h	40°C, 24V, 10A
	min.	27 000h	34 000h	53 000h	40°C, 24V, 12A
	min.	93 000h	99 000h	118 000h	40°C, 24V, 5A
	min.	108 000h	15 years	15 years	25°C, 24V, 10A
MTBF SN 29500, IEC 61709		612 000h	638 000h	821 000h	40°C, 24V, 10A
		520 000h	542 000h	698 000h	40°C, 24V, 12A
		1 019 000h	1 058 000h	1 393 000h	25°C, 24V, 10A
MTBF MIL HDBK 217F		456 000h	447 000h	472 000h	40°C, 24V, 10A, Ground Benign GB40
		410 000h	402 000h	425 000h	40°C, 24V, 12A, Ground Benign GB40
		632 000h	628 000h	653 000h	25°C, 24V, 10A, Ground Benign GB25

The **Lifetime expectancy** shown in the table indicates the operating hours (service life) and is determined by the lifetime expectancy of the built-in electrolytic capacitors.

Lifetime expectancy is specified in operational hours. Lifetime expectancy is calculated according to the capacitor's manufacturer specification. The prediction model allows a calculation of up to 15 years from date of shipment.

MTBF stands for Mean Time Between Failure, which is calculated according to statistical device failures, and indicates reliability of a device. It is the statistical representation of the likelihood of a unit to fail and does not necessarily represent the life of a product.

August 2006 / Rev. 1.1 DS-CS10.241-EN / All parameters are specified at 24V, 10A, 230Vac and 25°C ambient unless otherwise noted.



www.pulspower.com Phone +49 89 9278 0 Germany

2 rue René Laennec 51500 Taissy France E-mail:hvssystem@hvssystem.com Fax: 03 26 85 19 08, Tel : 03 26 82 49 29 Site web : www.hvssystem.com



**PULS** 

DIMONSION C-Series

24V, 10A, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

# 12. FRONT SIDE AND USER ELEMENTS

**Output Terminals** Screw terminals (Spring-clamp terminals on the CS10.241-S1) Positive output Negative (return) output Dual pins per pole 2ULS **Input Terminals** Screw terminals (Spring-clamp terminals on the CS10.241-S1) N ... Neutral input L ... Line (hot) input ⊕... PE (Protective Earth) input

Fig. 12-1 Front side

## Output voltage potentiometer

Open the flap to tune the output voltage. Factory set: 24.1V

**DC-on** lamp (green)

On when the voltage on the output terminals is > 21 V

# 13. TERMINALS AND WIRING

Type	Screw terminals (CS10.241); Spring-clamp terminals (CS10.241-S1)
Solid wire	0.5-6mm <sup>2</sup>
Stranded wire	0.5-4mm <sup>2</sup>
American wire gauge	20-10 AWG
Ferrules	allowed, but not required
Wire stripping length	7mm / 0.275inch
Screwdriver	3.5mm slotted or Pozidrive No 2 (only for screw terminals)
Recommended tightening torque	0.8Nm, 7lb.in (only for screw terminals)

#### Instructions:

- Use appropriate copper cables that are designed for an operating temperature of:
   60°C for ambient up to 45°C and
   75°C for ambient up to 60°C minimum.
- b) Follow national installation codes and installation regulations!
- c) Ensure that all strands of a stranded wire enter the terminal connection!
- d) Up to two stranded wires with the same cross section are permitted in one connection point (except PE wire).
- e) Do not use the unit without PE connection.

August 2006 / Rev. 1.1 DS-CS10.241-EN / All parameters are specified at 24V, 10A, 230Vac and 25°C ambient unless otherwise noted.





# CS10.241, CS10.241-S1

24V, 10A, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

## 14. EMC

The CE mark is in conformance with EMC guideline 89/336/EEC and 93/68/EEC and the low-voltage directive (LVD) 73/23/EWG. A detailed EMC Report is available on request.

EMC Immunity	EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-6-	1	Generic standard	s
Electrostatic discharge	EN 61000-4-2	Contact discharge Air discharge	8kV 15kV	Criterion A Criterion A
Electromagnetic RF field	EN 61000-4-3	80MHz-1GHz	10V/m	Criterion A
Fast transients (Burst)	EN 61000-4-4	Input lines Output lines	4kV 2kV	Criterion A Criterion A
Surge voltage on input	EN 61000-4-5	L → N N / L → PE	2kV 4kV	Criterion A Criterion A
Surge voltage on output	EN 61000-4-5	+ → - + / - → PE	500V 500V	Criterion A Criterion A
Conducted disturbance	EN 61000-4-6	0,15-80MHz	10V	Criterion A
Mains voltage dips	EN 61000-4-11	0% of 100Vac 40% of 100Vac 70% of 100Vac 0% of 200Vac 40% of 200Vac 70% of 200Vac	0Vac, 20ms 40Vac, 200ms 70Vac, 500ms 0Vac, 20ms 80Vac, 200ms 140Vac, 500ms	Criterion A Criterion C Criterion C Criterion A Criterion C Criterion C
Voltage interruptions	EN 61000-4-11		0Vac, 5000ms	Criterion C
Input voltage swells	PULS internal standard		300Vac, 500ms	Criterion A
Powerful transients	VDE 0160	over entire load range	750V, 1.3ms	Criterion A

#### **Criterions:**

A: Power supply shows normal operation behavior within the defined limits.

C: Temporary loss of function is possible. Power supply might shut-down and restarts by itself. No damages or hazards for the power supply occur.

Switching frequency	85kHz to 110kHz	input voltage dependent
---------------------	-----------------	-------------------------

www.pulspower.com Phone +49 89 9278 0 Germany 2 rue René Laennec 51500 Taissy France

Fax: 03 26 85 19 08, Tel: 03 26 82 49 29

E-mail:hvssystem@hvssystem.com Site web: www.hvssystem.com





# CS10.241, CS10.241-S1

24V, 10A, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

EN 61000-6-4	Generic standards
EN 55011, EN 55022, FCC Part 15, CISPR 11, CISPR 22	Class B, input lines
EN 55022	Class A, output lines
EN 55011, EN 55022	Class B
EN 61000-3-2	not fulfilled
EN 61000-3-3	fulfilled
	EN 55011, EN 55022, FCC Part 15, CISPR 11, CISPR 22 EN 55022 EN 55011, EN 55022 EN 61000-3-2

This device complies with FCC Part 15 rules.

Operation is subjected to following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

The power supply does not fulfill the harmonic current standard EN61000-3-2.

Please note:

## A power supply has to comply with EN 61000-3-2 (Standard for harmonic input current) when:

- 1) the end-device is used within the European Union and
- 2) the end-device is connected to a public mains supply with a nominal voltage ≥ 220Vac and
- 3) the power supply is:
  - fitted in an end-device with an average input power in excess of 75W or
  - fitted in an end-device with a continuous input power in excess of 75W or
  - part of a lighting system.

End-devices for professional applications with an input power > 1000W do not need to fulfill EN 61000-3-2.

#### **Comments:**

- The average input power must be determined in accordance with EN 61000-3-2.
- Industrial mains supplies with their own transformer are considered to be "non-public".
- Where individual self-contained items of equipment are installed in a rack or case (e.g. devices connected in parallel), they are regarded as being individually connected to the mains supply. The rack or case need not be tested as a whole. Alternatively it is also permitted to assess the whole rack or case. This is recommended for devices used in professional applications with an input power greater than 1000W.

August 2006 / Rev. 1.1 DS-CS10.241-EN / All parameters are specified at 24V, 10A, 230Vac and 25°C ambient unless otherwise noted.

www.pulspower.com Phone +49 89 9278 0 Germany

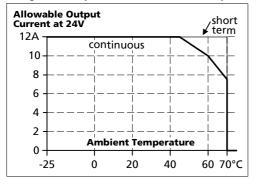


24V, 10A, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

## 15. ENVIRONMENT

Operational temperature	-25°C to +70°C (-13°F to 158°F)	reduce output power according Fig. 15-1
Output de-rating	3.2W/°C	45-60°C (113°F to 140°F)
	6W/°C	60-70°C (140°F to 158°F)
Storage temperature	-40 to +85°C (-40°F to 185°F)	storage and transportation
Humidity	5 to 95% r.H.	IEC 60068-2-30  Do not energize while condensation is present
Vibration sinusoidal	2-17.8Hz: ±1.6mm; 17.8-500Hz: 2g 2 hours / axis	IEC 60068-2-6
Shock	30g 6ms, 20g 11ms 3 bumps / direction, 18 bumps in total	IEC 60068-2-27
Altitude	0 to 6000m (0 to 20 000ft)	Reduce output power or ambient temperature above 2000m sea level.
Output de-rating (for altitude)	15W/1000m or 5°C/1000m	above 2000m (6500ft), see Fig. 15-2
Over-voltage category	III	EN 50178, altitudes up to 2000m
	II	Altitudes from 2000m to 6000m
Degree of pollution	2	EN 50178, not conductive

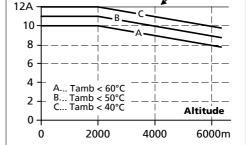
Fig. 15-1 Output current vs. ambient temp.,



The ambient temperature is defined 2cm below the unit.

Allowable Output Current at 24V short term 12A 10

Fig. 15-2 Output current vs. altitude, 24V



# 16. PROTECTION FEATURES

Output protection	Electronically protected against overload, no-load and short-circuits			
Output over-voltage protection	typ. 35Vdc max. 39Vdc	In case of an internal power supply defect, a redundant circuitry limits the maximum output voltage. The output shuts down and automatically attempts to restart.		
Output over-current protection	electronically limited	see Fig. 8-1		
Degree of protection	IP 20	EN/IEC 60529		
Penetration protection	> 3.5mm	e.g. screws, small parts		
Over-temperature protection	yes	output shut-down with automatic restart		
Input transient protection	MOV	Metal Oxide Varistor		
Internal input fuse	T6.3A H.B.C.	not user replaceable		

Note: In case of a protection event, audible noise may occur.

August 2006 / Rev. 1.1 DS-CS10.241-EN / All parameters are specified at 24V, 10A, 230Vac and 25°C ambient unless otherwise noted.





# CS10.241, CS10.241-S1

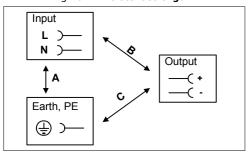
24V, 10A, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

## 17. SAFETY

Input / output separation	SELV	IEC/EN 60950-1	
	PELV	EN 60204-1, EN 50178, IEC 60364-4-41	
	double or reinforce	ed insulation	
Class of protection	I	PE (Protective Earth) connection required	
Isolation resistance	> 5MOhm	input to output, 500Vdc	
PE resistance	< 0.10hm	between housing and PE terminal	
Touch current (leakage current)	typ. 0.36mA	100Vac, 50Hz, TN mains	
	typ. 0.50mA	120Vac, 60Hz, TN mains	
	typ. 0.64mA	230Vac, 50Hz, TN mains	
	< 0.45mA	110Vac, 50Hz, TN mains	
	< 0.62mA	132Vac, 60Hz, TN mains	
	< 0.85mA	264Vac, 50Hz, TN mains	

## 18. DIELECTRIC STRENGTH

Fig. 18-1 Dielectric strength



		Α	В	С
Type test	60s	2500Vac	3000Vac	500Vac
Factory test	5s	2500Vac	2500Vac	500Vac
Field test	5s	2000Vac	2000Vac	500Vac

## Type tests and factory tests:

Conducted by the manufacturer. Do not repeat test in field! **Rules for field test:** 

Use appropriate test equipment which applies the voltage with a slow ramp! Connect L and N together as well as all output poles.

The output voltage is floating and has no ohmic connection to ground.

To fulfill the PELV requirements according to EN60204-1 § 6.4.1, we recommend that either the + pole, the – pole or any other part of the output circuit shall be connected to the protective earth system. This helps to avoid situations in which a load starts unexpectedly or can not be switched off any more when unnoticed earth faults occur.

August 2006 / Rev. 1.1 DS-CS10.241-EN / All parameters are specified at 24V, 10A, 230Vac and 25°C ambient unless otherwise noted.





# CS10.241, CS10.241-S1

24V, 10A, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

## 19. APPROVALS

IEC 60950-1	IECEE CB SCHEME	CB Scheme, Information Technology Equipment
UL 508	18WM LISTED IND. CONT. EQ.	LISTED as Industrial Control Equipment E198865
UL 60950-1	c <b>FL</b> °us	RECOGNIZED E137006 recognized for the use in U.S.A. (UL 60950-1) and Canada (C22.2 No. 60950) Information Technology Equipment, Level 5
Marine pending	GL ABS	GL (Germanischer Lloyd) classified and ABS (American Bureau for Shipping) PDA for marine and offshore applications. Environmental category: C, EMC2

## 20. FULFILLED STANDARDS

EN 61558-2-17	Safety of Power Transformers
EN/IEC 60204-1	Safety of Electrical Equipment of Machines
EN/IEC 61131-1	Programmable Controllers
EN 50178	Electronic Equipment in Power Installations

## 21. USED SUBSTANCES

The unit does not release any silicone and is suitable for the use in paint shops.

Electrolytic capacitors included in this unit do not use electrolytes such as Quaternary Ammonium Salt Systems.

Plastic housings and other molded plastic materials are free of halogens, wires and cables are not PVC insulated.

The production material within our production does not include following toxic chemicals:

Polychlorized Biphenyl (PCB), Polychlorized Terphenyl (PCB), Pentachlorophenol (PCP), Polychlorinated naphthalene (PCN), Polybrom Biphenyl (PBB), Polybrom Biphenyl-oxyd (PBO), Polybrominated Diphenylether (PBDE), Polychlorinated Diphenylether (PCDE), Polydibromphenyl Oxyd (PBDO), Cadmium, Asbest, Mercury, Silicia

August 2006 / Rev. 1.1 DS-CS10.241-EN / All parameters are specified at 24V, 10A, 230Vac and 25°C ambient unless otherwise noted.

www.pulspower.com Phone +49 89 9278 0 Germany





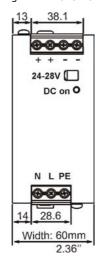
24V, 10A, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

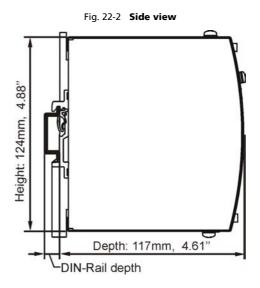
## 22. Physical Dimensions and Weight

Weight	700g / 1.54lb
DIN-Rail	Use 35mm DIN-rails according to EN 60715 or EN 50022 with a height of 7.5 or 15mm. The DIN-rail height must be added to the depth (117mm) to calculate the total required installation depth.

Electronic files with mechanical data can be downloaded at www.pulspower.com

Fig. 22-1 Front view





## 23. Installation and Operation Instructions

#### **Mounting Orientation:**

Output terminal must be located on top and input terminal on the bottom. For other orientations consult factory.

Convection cooled, no forced cooling required. Do not cover ventilation grid (e.g. cable conduit) by more than 30%!

#### Installation clearances:

40mm on top, 20mm on the bottom, 5mm on the left and right side are recommended when loaded permanently with full power. In case the adjacent device is a heat source, 15mm clearance are recommended.

## Risk of electrical shock, fire, personal injury or death!

Do not use the unit without proper earth connection (Protective Earth). Use the pin on the terminal block for earth connection and not one of the screws on the housing.

Turn power off before working on the power supply. Protect against inadvertent re-powering.

Make sure the wiring is correct by following all local and national codes.

Do not open, modify or repair the unit.

Use caution to prevent any foreign objects from entering into the housing.

Do not use in wet locations or in areas where moisture or condensation can be expected.

The unit does not contain any service parts. The tripping of an internal fuse is caused by an internal defect. If damage or malfunctioning should occur during operation, immediately turn power off and send unit to factory for inspection!

August 2006 / Rev. 1.1 DS-CS10.241-EN / All parameters are specified at 24V, 10A, 230Vac and 25°C ambient unless otherwise noted.

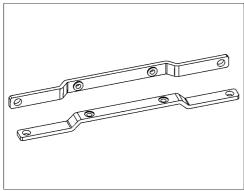


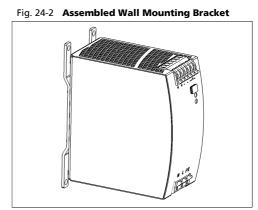
## 24. ACCESSORY

#### ZM1.WALL Wall mounting bracket

This bracket is used to mount Dimension units onto a flat surface without utilizing a DIN-Rail. The two aluminum brackets and the black plastic slider of the unit have to be detached, so that the two steel brackets can be mounted.

Fig. 24-1 ZM1.WALL Wall Mounting Bracket





#### ZM13.SIDE Side mounting bracket

This bracket is used to mount Dimension units sideways with or without utilizing a DIN-Rail. The two aluminum brackets and the black plastic slider of the unit have to be detached, so that the steel brackets can be mounted.

For sideway DIN-rail mounting, the removed aluminum brackets and the black plastic slider need to be mounted on the steel bracket.

Fig. 24-3 ZM13.SIDE Side Mounting Bracket

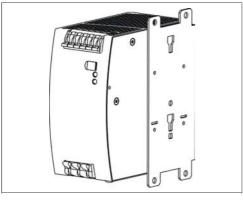
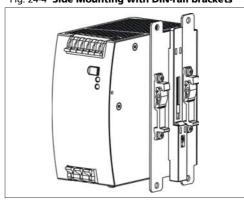


Fig. 24-4 Side Mounting with DIN-rail brackets



August 2006 / Rev. 1.1 DS-CS10.241-EN / All parameters are specified at 24V, 10A, 230Vac and 25°C ambient unless otherwise noted.



## 25. APPLICATION NOTES

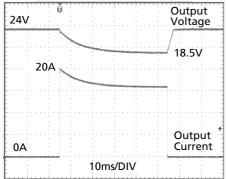
## 25.1. PEAK CURRENT CAPABILITY

Solenoids, contactors and pneumatic modules often have a steady state coil and a pick-up coil. The inrush current demand of the pick-up coil is several times higher than the steady state current and usually exceeds the nominal output current (including the PowerBoost) The same situation applies, when starting a capacitive load.

Branch circuits are often protected with circuit breakers or fuses. In case of a short or an overload in the branch circuit, the fuse needs a certain amount of over-current to trip or to blow. The peak current capability ensures the safe operation of subsequent circuit breakers.

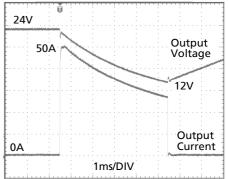
Assuming the input voltage is turned on before such an event, the built-in large sized output capacitors inside the power supply can deliver extra current. Discharging this capacitor causes a voltage dip on the output. The following two examples show typical voltage dips:

Fig. 25-1 Peak load 20A for 50ms, typ.



Peak load 20A (resistive) for 50ms Output voltage dips from 24V to 18.5V.

Fig. 25-2 Peak load 50A for 5ms, typ.



Peak load 50A (resistive) for 5ms Output voltage dips from 24V to 12V.

## 25.2. CHARGING OF BATTERIES

The power supply shall not be used to charge batteries. Choose Q-Series for charging batteries.

HVS.

August 2006 / Rev. 1.1 DS-CS10.241-EN / All parameters are specified at 24V, 10A, 230Vac and 25°C ambient unless otherwise noted.

## 25.3. BACK-FEEDING LOADS

Loads such as decelerating motors and inductors can feed voltage back to the power supply. This feature is also called return voltage immunity or resistance against Back- E.M.F. (Electro Magnetic Force).

This power supply is resistant and does not show malfunctioning when a load feeds back voltage to the power supply. It does not matter, whether the power supply is on or off.

The maximum allowed feed back voltage is 35Vdc. The absorbing energy can be calculated according to the built-in large sized output capacitor which is specified in chapter 8.

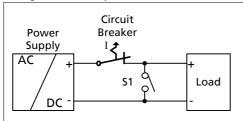
#### 25.4. OUTPUT CIRCUIT BREAKERS

Standard miniature circuit breakers (MCBs) can be used for branch protection. Ensure that the MCB is rated for DC voltage, too. The following tests show which circuit breakers the power supply typically trips.

Circuit breakers have huge tolerances in their tripping behavior. Therefore, these typical tests can only be used as a recommendation or for comparing two different power supplies. Furthermore, the loop impedance has a major influence on whether a breaker trips or not. Two tests were performed, representing typical situations:

Test 1: Short circuit with S1 on the power supply end of the cable (loop impedance approx. 20mOhm)

Fig. 25-3 Branch protectors, test circuit 1



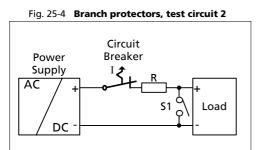
Parameters:

Input voltage: 230Vac, load current: 0A

The following circuit breaker tripped during the test:

A- or Z- Characteristic:: equal or smaller 25A
B- Characteristic: equal or smaller 16A
C- Characteristic: equal or smaller 13A

**Test 2:** Short circuit with S1 on the load end (additional impedance included; represents longer load wire length).



Parameters:

Input voltage: 230Vac, load current: 0A

The following circuit breaker tripped during the test:

**A-** or **Z-** Characteristic::  $\leq$  16A and R= 82mOhm **B-** Characteristic:  $\leq$  6A and R= 180mOhm **C-** Characteristic:  $\leq$  4A and R= 220mOhm

What does this resistance mean in wire length?

	0.5mm <sup>2</sup>	0.7mm <sup>2</sup>	1.0mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5mm <sup>2</sup>	4.0mm <sup>2</sup>
82mOhm	2.3m	3.2m	4.6m	6.9m	11.4m	18.3m
180mOhm	5.0m	7.0m	10.0m	15.0m	25.1m	40.1m
220mOhm	6.1m	8.6m	12.3m	18.4m	30.6m	49.0m

#### **Example:**

Which wire gauge must be used to trip a B-Characteristic circuit breaker with a rating of 6A? The load wire length is 21m.

Answer: A 6A B-Characteristic circuit breaker requires a loop impedance of less than 180mOhm (test results). The wire length table shows that up to 25.1m wire with a cross section of 2.5mm<sup>2</sup> are below 180mOhm. A wire not smaller than 2.5mm<sup>2</sup> shall be used.

August 2006 / Rev. 1.1 DS-CS10.241-EN / All parameters are specified at 24V, 10A, 230Vac and 25°C ambient unless otherwise noted.







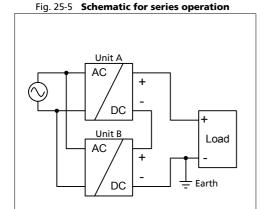
24V, 10A, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

## 25.5. INDUCTIVE AND CAPACITIVE LOADS

The unit is designed to supply any kind of load, including unlimited capacitive and inductive loads.

#### 25.6. SERIES OPERATION

The power supply can be put in series to increase the output voltage.



#### Instructions for use in series:

- It is possible to connect as many units in series as needed, providing the sum of the output voltage does not exceed 150Vdc.
- Voltages with a potential above 60Vdc are not SELV any more and can be dangerous. Such voltages must be installed with a protection against touching.
- For serial operation use power supplies of the same type.
- Earthing of the output is required when the sum of the output voltage is above 60Vdc.
- Keep an installation clearance of 15mm (left/right) between two power supplies and avoid installing the power supplies on top of each other.

Note: Avoid return voltage (e.g. from a decelerating motor or battery) which is applied to the output terminals.

#### 25.7. Parallel Use to Increase Output Power

The power supply shall not be used in parallel to increase the output power.

#### 25.8. Parallel Use for 1+1 Redundancy

Power supplies can be paralleled for 1+1 redundancy to gain a higher system availability. Redundant systems require a certain amount of extra power to support the load in case one power supply unit fails. The simplest way is to put two C-Series power supplies in parallel. In case one power supply unit fails, the other one is automatically able to support the load current without any interruption. This simple way to build a redundant system has two major disadvantages:

- The faulty power supply can not be recognized. The green LED will still be on since it is reverse-powered from the other power supply.
- It does not cover failures such as an internal short circuit in the secondary side of the power supply. In such a virtually nearly impossible - case, the defective unit becomes a load for the other power supplies and the output voltage can not be maintained any more.

This can only be avoided by utilizing decoupling diodes which are included in the decoupling module YR2.DIODE or redundancy module YRM2.DIODE.

Recommendations for building redundant power systems:

- Use separate input fuses for each power supply.
- Monitor the individual power supply units. A DC-ok lamp and a DC-ok contact is included in the redundancy b) module YRM2.DIODE. This feature reports a faulty unit.
- When possible, connect each power supply to different phases or circuits.

August 2006 / Rev. 1.1 DS-CS10.241-EN / All parameters are specified at 24V, 10A, 230Vac and 25°C ambient unless otherwise noted.

2 rue René Laennec 51500 Taissy France

Fax: 03 26 85 19 08, Tel: 03 26 82 49 29

www.pulspower.com Phone +49 89 9278 0 Germany





24V, 10A, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

## 25.9. EXTERNAL INPUT PROTECTION

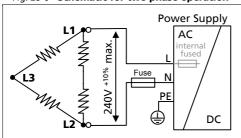
The unit is tested and approved for branch circuits up to 20A. External protection is only required if the supplying branch has an ampacity greater than this. In some countries local regulations might apply. Check also local codes and local requirements.

If an external fuse is necessary or utilized, a minimum value is required to avoid undesired tripping of the fuse.

		<b>B-Characteristic</b>	C-Characteristic
Ampacity	max.	20A	20A
	min.	10A	6A

## 25.10. OPERATION ON TWO PHASES

Fig. 25-6 Schematic for two phase operation



#### Instructions for two phase operation:

- A phase to phase connection is allowed as long as the supplying voltage is below 240V<sup>+10%</sup>.
- Use a fuse or a circuit breaker to protect the N input. The N input is internally not protected and is in this case connected to a hot wire.

Appropriate fuses or circuit breakers are specified in section 25.9 "External Input Protection".

## 25.11. Use in a Tightly Sealed Enclosure

When the power supply is installed in a tightly sealed enclosure, the temperature inside the enclosure will be higher than outside. The inside temperature defines the ambient temperature for the power supply.

Results from such an installation:

Power supply is placed in the middle of the box, no other heat producer inside the box Enclosure:

Rittal Type IP66 Box PK 9519 100, plastic, 180x180x165mm

Load: 24V, 8A; (=80%) load is placed outside the box

Input: 230Vac

Temperature inside the box: 48.9°C (in the middle of the right side of the power supply with a distance of 2cm)

Temperature outside the box: 23.3°C Temperature rise: 25.6K



August 2006 / Rev. 1.1 DS-CS10.241-EN / All parameters are specified at 24V, 10A, 230Vac and 25°C ambient unless otherwise noted.

Site web: www.hvssystem.com

## 25.12. Mounting Orientations

Mounting orientations other than input terminals on the bottom and output on the top require a reduction in continuous output power or a limitation in the max. allowed ambient temperature. The amount of reduction influences the lifetime expectancy of the power supply. Therefore, two different derating curves for continuous operation can be found below:

**Curve A1** Recommended output current.

**Curve A2** Max allowed output current (results approx. in half the lifetime expectancy of A1).

Fig. 25-7
Mounting
Orientation A
Standard
Orientation

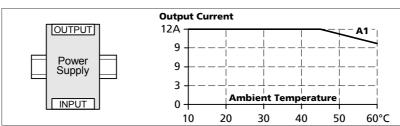


Fig. 25-8

Mounting

Orientation B

(Upside down)

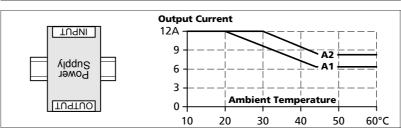


Fig. 25-9
Mounting
Orientation C
(Table-top
mounting)

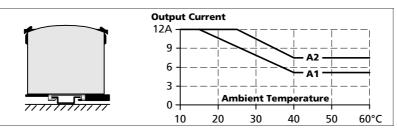


Fig. 25-10

Mounting

Orientation D

(Horizontal cw)

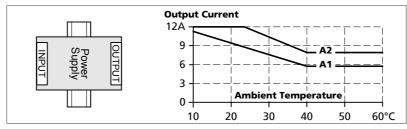
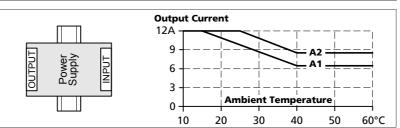


Fig. 25-11

Mounting

Orientation E

(Horizontal ccw)



August 2006 / Rev. 1.1 DS-CS10.241-EN / All parameters are specified at 24V, 10A, 230Vac and 25°C ambient unless otherwise noted.



20/20

2 rue René Laennec 51500 Taissy France

Fax: 03 26 85 19 08, Tel: 03 26 82 49 29